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CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Balaya

Fungicide

**ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 100 g/L MEFENTRIFLUCONAZOLE
100 g/L PYRACLOSTROBIN**

GROUP	3	11	FUNGICIDE
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For the control of various diseases in cereals, canola, and pulses as per the Directions for Use Table.

IMPORTANT: READ THE SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT

CONTENTS: 1L – 1000L

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APVMA Approval No.: 94799/143701



DIRECTIONS FOR USE**RESTRAINTS**

DO NOT apply if heavy rains or storms are forecast within 3 days.

DO NOT irrigate to the point of field runoff for at least 3 days after application.

DO NOT apply any more than two (2) applications per crop per growing season.

DO NOT apply less than 14 days before harvest in Pulses.

DO NOT apply after Z75 (Medium milk) in Wheat, Barley and Oats.

DO NOT apply after 50% flowering (full bloom) (BBCH 65) in Canola.

SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS

Specific definitions for terms used in this section of the label can be found at apvma.gov.au/spraydrift.

DO NOT allow bystanders to come into contact with the spray cloud.

DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an unacceptable impact to native vegetation, agricultural crops, landscaped gardens and aquaculture production, or cause contamination of plant or livestock commodities, outside the application site from spray drift. The advisory buffer zones in the relevant buffer zone tables below provide guidance but may not be sufficient in all situations. Wherever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas.

DO NOT apply unless the wind speed is between 3 and 20 kilometres per hour at the application site during the time of application.

DO NOT apply if there are hazardous surface temperature inversion conditions present at the application site during the time of application. Surface temperature conditions exist most evenings one to two hours before sunset and persist until one to two hours after sunrise.

DO NOT apply by boom sprayer unless spray droplets are not smaller than a COARSE spray droplet size category.

DO NOT apply by boom spray unless the following requirements are met:

- spray droplets not smaller than a COARSE spray droplet size category,
- minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive areas (see 'Mandatory buffer zones' section of the following table titled 'Buffer zones for boom sprayers') are observed.

Buffer zones for boom sprayers

Application rate	Boom height above the target canopy	Mandatory downwind buffer zones (metres)				
		Bystander Areas	Natural aquatic areas	Pollinator areas	Vegetation Areas	Livestock areas
Up to maximum label rate	0.5 m or lower	0	35	0	0	0
	1.0 m or lower	0	90	0	0	15
500 mL/ha or lower	0.5 m or lower	0	20	0	0	0
	1.0 m or lower	0	55	0	0	0

DO NOT apply by aircraft unless the following requirements are met:

- spray droplets not smaller than a COARSE spray droplet size category,
- for maximum release heights above the target canopy of 3m or 25% of wingspan or 25% or rotor diameter whichever is the greatest, minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive areas (see 'Mandatory buffer zones' section of the following table titled 'Buffer zones for aircraft') are observed

Buffer zones for aircraft

Type of aircraft	Mandatory downwind buffer zones (metres)				
	Bystander areas	Natural aquatic areas	Pollinator areas	Vegetation Areas	Livestock Areas
Fixed-wing	0	325	0	0	100
Helicopter	0	210	0	0	65

CROP	DISEASE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Wheat	<p>Septoria tritici blotch (<i>Zymoseptoria tritici</i>)</p> <p>Powdery mildew (<i>Blumeria graminis</i> f.sp.<i>tritici</i>)</p> <p>Stripe rust (<i>Puccinia striiformis</i>)</p> <p>Leaf rust (<i>Puccinia triticina</i>)</p>	500 to 750 mL/ha	<p>Monitor crops from mid tillering and on susceptible varieties apply at the first sign of infection. Aim to protect the three top leaves or upper canopy of the plant from disease.</p> <p>Use a higher rate (up to 750 mL/ha) on susceptible cultivars or where conditions favour severe disease development.</p> <p>Continue to monitor crops after application, further fungicide applications may be required if initial application is made before the flag leaf has emerged.</p> <p>A maximum of two applications of BALAYA Fungicide may be made per crop.</p> <p>DO NOT apply after Z75 (Medium milk).</p>
	<p>Yellow leaf spot (<i>Pyrenophora tritici-repentis</i>)</p>	750 mL/ha	<p>Monitor crops from mid tillering and on susceptible varieties apply at the first sign of infection. Aim to protect the three top leaves of the plant from disease.</p> <p>Continue to monitor crops after application, further fungicide applications may be required if initial application is made before the flag leaf has emerged.</p> <p>A maximum of two applications of BALAYA Fungicide may be made per crop.</p> <p>DO NOT apply after Z75 (Medium milk).</p>
Barley	<p>Net form of net blotch (<i>Pyrenophora teres</i> f. sp. <i>teres</i>)</p> <p>Spot form of net blotch (<i>Pyrenophora teres</i> f. sp. <i>maculata</i>)</p> <p>Leaf scald (<i>Rhynchosporium</i> <i>commune</i>)</p> <p>Leaf rust (<i>Puccinia hordei</i>)</p>	500 to 750 mL/ha	<p>Monitor crops from mid-tillering and on susceptible varieties apply at the first sign of infection. Aim to protect the three top leaves or upper canopy of the plant from disease.</p> <p>Use a higher rate (up to 750 mL/ha) on susceptible cultivars or where conditions favour severe disease development.</p> <p>Continue to monitor crops after application, further fungicide applications may be required if initial application is made before the flag leaf has emerged.</p> <p>A maximum of two applications of BALAYA Fungicide may be made per crop.</p> <p>DO NOT apply after Z75 (Medium milk).</p>
	<p>Ramularia leaf spot (<i>Ramularia collo-cygni</i>)</p>	750 mL/ha	<p>Apply as a preventative spray on susceptible cultivars and when conditions favour disease. Note: Effective only against low level of infections. For best results aim for application from early stem elongation (Z31) up to awn peep (Z49). Otherwise, apply at the first appearance of disease.</p>

CROP	DISEASE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
			<p>Continued disease pressure or reinfection may require further fungicide treatment 3 to 5 weeks later.</p> <p>A maximum of two applications of BALAYA Fungicide may be made per crop.</p> <p>DO NOT apply later than Z75 (Medium milk).</p>
Oats & Oaten Hay	<p>Red leather leaf (<i>Spermospora avenae</i>)</p> <p>Septoria avenae blotch (<i>Parastagonospora avenae</i>)</p> <p>Leaf rust (<i>Puccinia coronata</i> f.sp <i>avenae</i>)</p>	500 to 750 mL/ha	<p>Monitor crops from mid-tillering. Apply as a preventative spray on susceptible crops when conditions favour disease.</p> <p>Use a higher rate (up to 750 mL/ha) on susceptible cultivars or where conditions favour severe disease development.</p> <p>Continue to monitor crops after application, further fungicide applications may be required if initial application is made before the flag leaf has emerged.</p> <p>A maximum of two applications of BALAYA Fungicide may be made per crop.</p> <p>DO NOT apply later than Z75 (Medium milk).</p>
Pulses crops	Ascochyta blight (<i>Ascochyta</i> spp.)	500 mL/ha to 1 L/ha	BALAYA fungicide is most effective when applied before an infection event (e.g. prior to rain) and dependent on the disease prior to canopy closure.
	<p>Botrytis grey mould and Chocolate spot (<i>Botrytis</i> spp.)</p> <p>For the suppression of: Sclerotinia (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>)</p>	750 mL/ha to 1 L/ha	<p>For best results apply at first sign of disease prior to significant disease expression. Use a higher rate (up to 1 L/ha) on susceptible cultivars or where conditions favour severe disease development.</p> <p>Apply in sufficient water volume to achieve thorough coverage of the canopy. Increasing water volume may improve spray coverage in dense crop canopies. Further fungicide application may be required if seasonal conditions are conducive for continued disease development or when the risk of disease is high.</p>
Faba Beans and Broad Beans	For the suppression of: Cercospora leaf spot (<i>Cercospora zonata</i>)	500 mL/ha to 1 L/ha	<p>A maximum of two applications of BALAYA Fungicide may be made per crop.</p>
	Rust (<i>Uromyces viciae-fabae</i>)	750 mL/ha to 1 L/ha	<p>Apply up to the end of pod development (BBCH 79) provided that leaves are green and plants are actively growing.</p> <p>DO NOT apply after the end of pod development (BBCH 79), or earlier if plants are senescing.</p> <p>DO NOT apply less than 14 days before harvest.</p>

CROP	DISEASE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Canola	Blackleg (<i>Leptosphaeria maculans</i>)	750 mL/ha	<p>For best results apply up to the 6 leaf growth stage. Application at this crop growth stage will reduce lodging and stem canker from blackleg infection.</p> <p>For best practice blackleg management combine with an effective seed treatment or in-furrow fungicide. Where an effective seed treatment or in-furrow fungicide has not been used in high disease risk situations a follow up fungicide application at green bud may be required.</p> <p>A maximum of two applications of BALAYA Fungicide may be made per crop.</p> <p>DO NOT apply after 50% flowering (full bloom) growth stage (BBCH 65).</p>
	Sclerotinia (<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i>) Blackleg, Upper Canopy Infection (<i>Leptosphaeria maculans</i>)	750 mL/ha to 1 L/ha	<p>Apply from early flowering, prior to 50% flowering (BBCH 65). For best results apply as a preventative application prior to significant disease expression.</p> <p>Use a higher rate (up to 1 L/ha) in higher yielding crops or where conditions favour severe disease development.</p> <p>Good coverage throughout the entire canopy is essential, particularly ensuring spray coverage reaches down to the base of the canopy. Apply in sufficient water volume to achieve thorough coverage of the canopy</p> <p>A second application may be required if seasonal conditions are conducive for continued disease development or when the risk of disease is high.</p> <p>A maximum of two applications may be made per crop.</p> <p>DO NOT apply after 50% flowering (full bloom) growth stage (BBCH 65).</p>

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS

HARVEST: Canola, pulses, barley, oat, and wheat: Not required when used as directed.

GRAZING:

Pulses: DO NOT graze or cut for stock food for 7 DAYS after application.

Canola, Wheat, Barley, and Oats: DO NOT graze or cut for stock food for 4 weeks after application.

LIVESTOCK DESTINED FOR EXPORT MARKETS

The grazing withholding period only applies to stock slaughtered for the domestic market. Some export markets apply different standards. To meet these standards, ensure that in addition to complying with the grazing withholding period, the export slaughter interval is observed before stock are sold or slaughtered.

EXPORT SLAUGHTER INTERVAL (ESI) 15 DAYS:

Livestock that has grazed on or been fed treated crops should be placed on clean feed for 15 days prior to slaughter.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

MIXING

To ensure even mixing, half fill the spray tank with clean water and add the required amount of product. If required, add compatible products and agitate, then add the remainder of the water. Agitate again before spraying commences.

APPLICATION

To be effective, thorough crop coverage is required. Ensure this by increasing water volume with plant growth stage. Techniques to minimize drift should be employed at all times when applying sprays (see RESTRAINTS and SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS). DO NOT use a higher spray system pressure than the maximum the manufacturer specifies for the selected nozzle to deliver the droplet size category required in the label Spray Drift Restraint.

Apply by ground or air.

Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 70 L/ha water with spray droplets no smaller than a COARSE category.

Aerial application (broadacre arable crops only): Apply in a minimum of 30 L/ha water with spray droplets no smaller than a COARSE category. Adjust water volumes according to the crop growth stage to ensure thorough coverage.

BALAYA Fungicide is an emulsifiable concentrate (EC) formulation. When using in a tank mix with other products, the following mix order should be observed;

1. Half fill the spray tank with water. Maintain constant agitation
2. Add solid formulation types such as water dispersible granule (WDG/WG), wettable powder (WP), water soluble granule (SG) formulated products first and allow dispersion
3. Add simple liquid formulations such as soluble concentrate (SL) or liquid suspension formulations such as suspension concentrate (SC) formulations
4. Add any liquid formulations for dispersion such as emulsifiable concentrate (EC) and liquid formulation emulsions such as micro-emulsions (ME) formulations
5. Add any water-soluble salts
6. Add any adjuvants as required
7. Add any foliar fertilizer as required
8. Add remaining water

For further information on compatibility please contact your local reseller or BASF representative.



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FUNGICIDE RESISTANCE WARNING

GROUP 3 11 FUNIGICIDE

BALAYA Fungicide is a member of the DMI group and strobilurin group of fungicides. For fungicide resistance management, BALAYA Fungicide is a Group 3 and 11 fungicide. Some naturally-occurring individual fungi resistant to BALAYA Fungicide and other Group 3 and Group 11 fungicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any fungal population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the fungal population if these fungicides are used repeatedly. These resistant fungi will not be controlled by BALAYA Fungicide or other Group 3 and Group 11 fungicides, thus resulting in a reduction in efficacy and possible yield loss. Since the occurrence of resistant fungi is difficult to detect prior to use, BASF Australia Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of BALAYA Fungicide to control resistant fungi.

COMPATIBILITY

While BALAYA Fungicide is compatible with a range of herbicides, insecticides and fungicides, always consult your BASF representative before mixing BALAYA Fungicide with other products. As formulations of other manufacturer's products are beyond the control of BASF, and the quality of water may vary with location, all mixtures should be tested for physical compatibility using a "jar method" prior to mixing commercial quantities.

RE-ENTRY PERIOD

DO NOT enter treated areas until spray has dried, unless wearing cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and chemical resistant gloves. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

Very toxic to aquatic life. DO NOT contaminate wetlands or watercourses with this product or used containers.

Harmful to wild mammals that may feed on weeds or other vegetation in the treatment area. To protect wild mammals in pulses (including faba beans and broad beans), DO NOT apply prior to inflorescence emergence (BBCH 50) when crop interception is minimal. The use of this product as directed is not expected to have adverse effects on wild mammals in other crops.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. This container can be recycled if it is clean, dry, free of visible residues and has the drumMUSTER logo visible. Triple-rinse container for disposal. Dispose of rinsate by adding it to the spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemical on site. Wash outside of the container and the cap. Store cleaned container in a sheltered place with cap removed. It will then be acceptable for recycling at any drumMUSTER collection or similar container management program site. The cap should not be replaced, but may be taken separately. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, dispose of empty container or unused product in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Harmful if swallowed. Will damage eyes. Will irritate the skin. Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the container and preparing the spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing), elbow-



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length chemical resistant gloves and face shield or goggles. When using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing). If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves, goggles and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 131126.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

For further information refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS).

CONDITIONS OF SALE

All conditions and warranties rights and remedies implied by law or arising in contract or tort whether due to the negligence of BASF Australia Ltd or otherwise are hereby expressly excluded so far as the same may legally be done provided however that any rights of the Buyer pursuant to non- excludable conditions or warranties of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010 or any relevant legislation of any State are expressly preserved but the liability of BASF Australia Ltd or any intermediate Seller pursuant thereto shall be limited if so permitted by the said legislation to the replacement of the goods sold or the supply of equivalent goods and all liability for indirect or consequential loss or damage of whatsoever nature is expressly excluded. This product must be used or applied strictly in accordance with the instructions appearing hereon. This product is solely sold for use in Australia and must not be exported without the prior written consent of BASF Australia Ltd.

APVMA Approval No: 94799/143701

Batch No:

Date of Manufacture:

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FOR SPECIALIST ADVICE IN AN

EMERGENCY ONLY

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GHS Statements

Causes serious eye damage. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Keep out of reach of children. Read carefully and follow all instructions. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection or face protection. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing mist or vapour or spray. Obtain special instructions before use. DO NOT handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated body parts thoroughly after handling. DO NOT eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Collect spillage. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.